New Reproducibility Workflows with Dataverse:

A path for social science journals to increase transparency and rigor in research

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"Wishlists and Workflows: Integrating Research Transparency into Editorial and Publishing Processes", Data-PASS Pre-APSA workshop, Washington, D.C., August 28

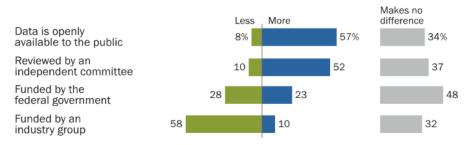
Majority of Americans say they are more apt to trust research when the data is openly available

% of U.S. adults who say when they hear each of the following, they trust scientific research findings ...

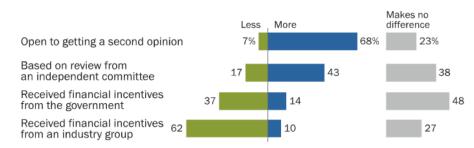
"Americans say open access to data and independent review inspire more trust in research findings"

Trust and Mistrust of American Views on Scientific Experts.

Pew Research Center, August 2, 2019



% of U.S. adults who say when they hear each of the following, they trust a science practitioner's recommendation ...



Note: Respondents who did not give an answer are not shown.

Source: Survey conducted Jan. 7-21, 2019.

"Trust and Mistrust in Americans' Views of Scientific Experts"

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- 1. The current landscape of journal data sharing policies
- 2. Is data sharing sufficient?
- 3. New support for computational reproducibility
- 4. Is computational reproducibility sufficient?

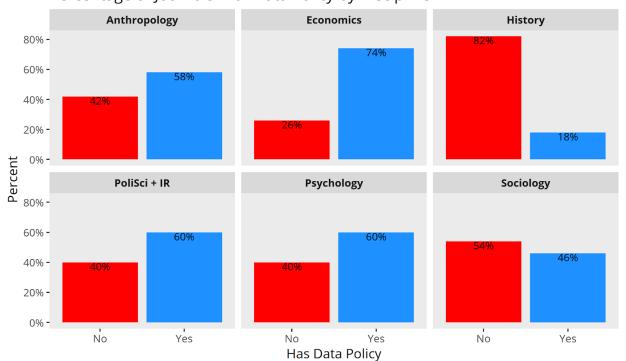
What fraction of social science journals have data sharing policies? Does it vary by discipline?

"we review the data policies of the 50 most influential international peerreviewed journals according to the Clarivate Analytics (formerly Thomson Reuters) Journal Impact Factor in the disciplines of political science and international relations, economics, sociology, history, psychology, and anthropology."

Crosas, Gautier, Karcher, Kirilova, Otalora, Schwartz. Data Policies of Highly-Ranked Social Science Journals, *preprint*, https://osf.io/preprints/socarxiv/9h7ay

Half of all journals in our study have a data policy. For History, only 18 % have a data policy.

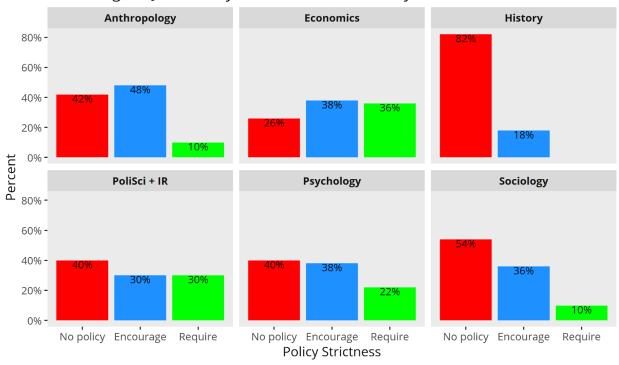




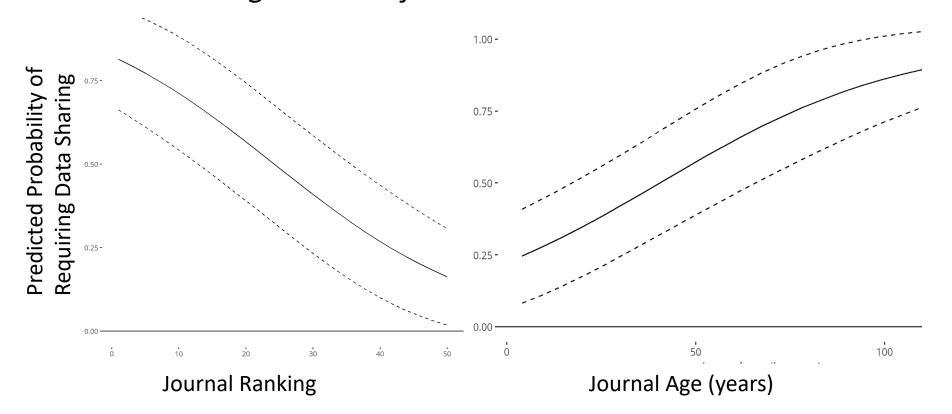
155 of the total 291 unique journals have some sort of data policy

Requiring data sharing is more prominent in Economics and Political Science.

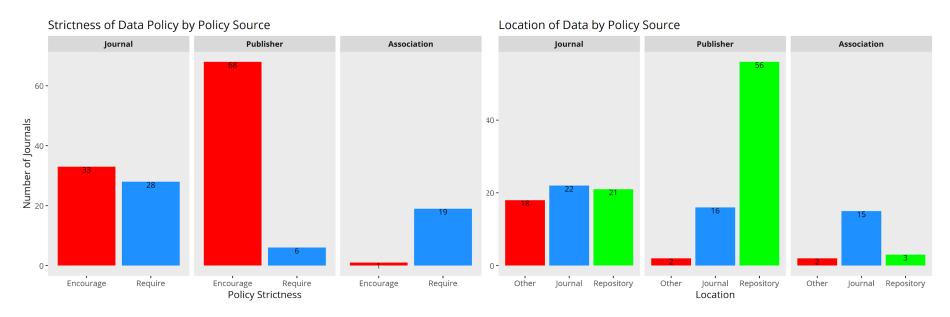
Percentage of Journals by Strictness of Data Policy



Requiring data sharing is more likely with higher Rank and Age of the journal.



Policy source impacts data sharing practice.



Policy language from Publishers tends to encourage data sharing in a repository.

Policy language from Associations tends to require data sharing in supplementary materials.

Policy language from journals themselves varies in requirements and recommendations.

[My] Recommendations for Journal Data Policies

- Having any data policy is better than no policy at all
- If possible, require, not just encourage
- Recommend data repositories (community-specific, general purpose)
- Ensure formal citation from article to data and from data to article
- Use clear language with clear guidance for authors

Dataverse: a Solution for Journal Data Sharing

- A data citation with a persistent identifier (DOI)
- Standard metadata, plus custom metadata for journals
- Tiered access to data as needed:
 - Fully Open, CCO
 - Register to access; Guestbook
 - Restricted with DUA
- Anonymous dataset review
- Multiple versions of a dataset
- Branding and customization for a journal dataverse
- FAIR principles support (Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, Reusable data)

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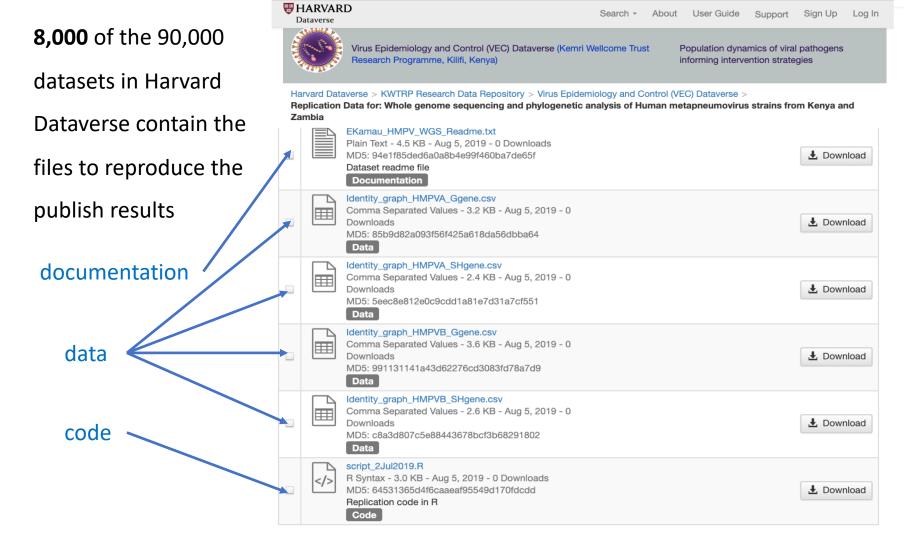
Astronomy and Astrophysics 516

Mathematical Sciences 209

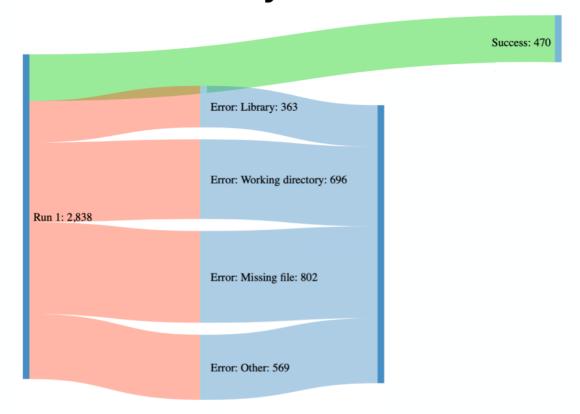
dataverse.harvard.edu | dataverse.org

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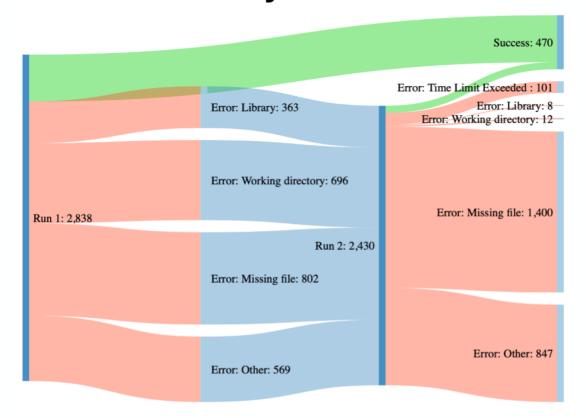


85.6% of archived R-based studies are not easily re-executable



From: Coding BetteR: Assessing and Improving the Reproducibility of R-Based Research with containR by Chris Chen

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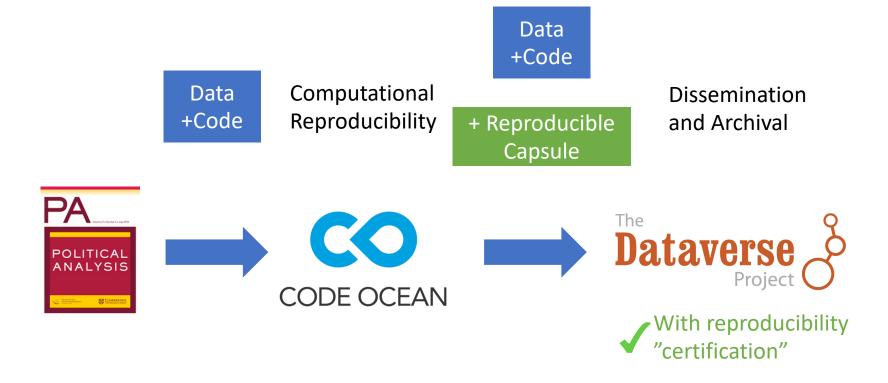
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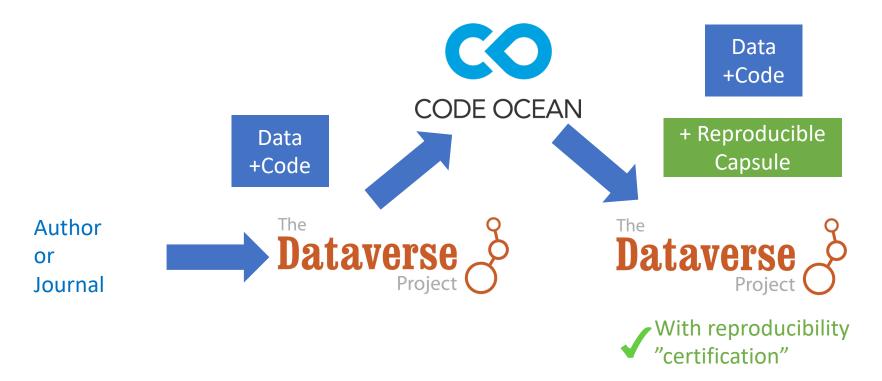
Current Dataverse projects to improve computational reproducibility

- Include reproducibility as part of peer review workflow [ODUM as a third-party for reproducibility verification]
- Integrate Dataverse with reproducibility and computational web-based tools (e.g., Code Ocean) to facilitate code execution [under development]
- Deposit a capsule (container with data and code) that has been verified for reproducibility [under development]
- When possible, automate code execution upon publishing the data and code [research project]

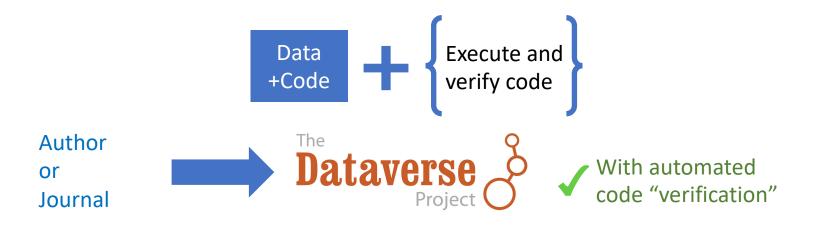
Workflow 1: From journal to Code Ocean, to Dataverse [under development]



Workflow 2: From journal to Dataverse, to Code Ocean, and back to Dataverse [under development]



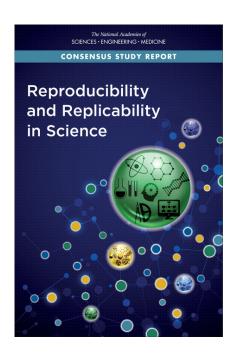
Workflow 3: From journal to Dataverse, verifying code automatically [research project]

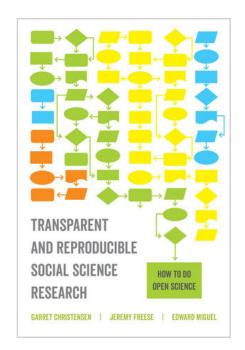


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A broader context is essential.





NASEM Consensus Study Report on Reproducibility and Replicability in Science, 2019; Christinsen, Freese, Miguel. Transparent and Reproducible Social Science Research, 2019

"Concerns about reproducibility and replicability have been expressed in both scientific and popular media. As these concerns came to light, Congress requested that the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine conduct a study to assess the extent of issues related to reproducibility and replicability and to offer recommendations for improving rigor and transparency in scientific research."

NASEM Consensus Study Report Highlights, Reproducibility and Replicability in Science

Beyond Reproducibility, there is Replicability

 Reproducibility: equal to computational reproducibility—obtaining consistent computational results using the same input data, computational steps, methods, code, and conditions of analysis.

 Replicability: obtaining consistent results across studies aimed at answering the same scientific question, each of which has obtained its own data.

NASEM Report Highlights

- No crisis, but we must do better
- Promote use of open source tools
- ✓ Facilitate transparent sharing and availability of digital artifacts, such as data and code
- ✓ Journals should consider ways to ensure computational reproducibility during peer review

Additional Considerations for Transparency and Rigor

- Include a clear, specific, and complete description of how results are reached:
 - all methods, instruments, materials, procedures;
 - decisions for the exclusion or inclusion of data;
 - the analytic decisions and when these decisions were;
 - a discussion of the expected constraints on generality
 - reporting of precision or statistical power; and
 - discussion of the uncertainty of the measurements, results, and inferences;
- Be mindful of publication bias and specification searching
- Consider meta-analysis

http://sites.nationalacademies.org/sites/reproducibility-in-science/index.htm

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Thank you